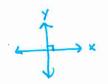
Coordinate Planes...Plotting Points

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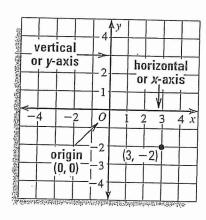
A <u>Coordinate plane</u> is formed by two real number lines that intersect at a right angle.

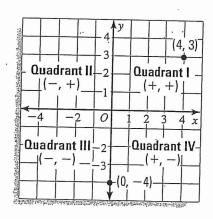


Each point in the coordinate plan corresponds to an <u>Ovoleveo</u> of real numbers.

The first number in an ordered pair is the \underline{X} -coordinate and the second number is the \underline{Y} -coordinate, written as (x, y).

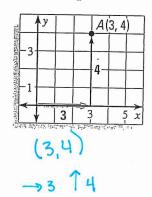
The diagram below shows the quadrants, and the x- and y-axis:



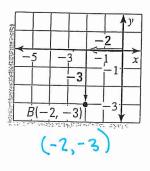


Plotting points in a coordinate plane:

a. To plot the point (3, 4), start at the origin. Move 3 units to the right and 4 units up.

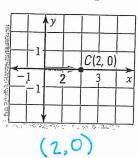


b. To plot the point (-2, -3), start at the origin. Move 2 units to the left and 3 units down.



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c. To plot the point (2, 0), start at the origin. Move 2 units to the right and 0 units up.



-> 2 only